

Local Government Authorities (LGAs)

Information security considerations falling from
Part 4 of the *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014* (Vic)

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A bit about OVIC

Who are we?

The Office of the Victorian Information Commissioner (OVIC) provides independent oversight of the Victorian public sector's collection, use and disclosure of public sector data (otherwise referred to as information) and systems.

The functions of OVIC are set out in two pieces of legislation –

- *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014* (Vic) (PDP Act)
 - **Part 3** - Privacy
 - **Part 4** - Data Protection
 - **Part 5** - Law Enforcement Data Security
- *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Vic) (FOI Act)



What does OVIC do?

Under Part 4 of the PDP Act, the Information Commissioner has the power to:

- develop the Victorian Protective Data Security Framework and
- issue the Victorian Protective Data Security Standards (VPDSS or Standards).

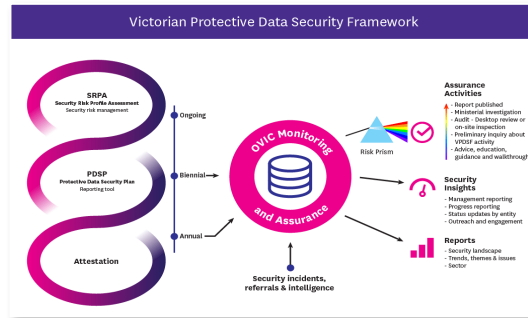
These legislative instruments apply to most Victorian Public Sector (VPS) organisations.

OVIC also conducts monitoring and assurance activities to gain insight into organisations adherence to the Standards. These assurance activities take the form of audits, reviews and/or investigations.

This pack focuses on Part 4 of the PDP Act, and the information security obligations of organisations captured by it.



Victorian Protective Data Security Framework (VPDSF)



OVIC
Office of the Victorian
Information Commissioner

**Victorian Protective Data
Security Standards**

Version 2.0

Division of Information Privacy & Data Protection

Standard 1 – Information Security Management Framework														
<p>Standard</p> <p>An organisation establishes, implements and maintains an information security management framework to its size, resources and risk profile.</p> <p>Statement of Intent</p> <p>To clearly establish, articulate, support and promote the information security management across the organisation and manage security risks to a public sector information.</p> <p>Elements</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>IS 01.0</th> <th>IS 01.0.1</th> <th>IS 01.0.1.1</th> <th>IS 01.0.1.1.1</th> <th>IS 01.0.1.1.1.1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IS 01.0</td> <td>IS 01.0.1</td> <td>IS 01.0.1.1</td> <td>IS 01.0.1.1.1</td> <td>IS 01.0.1.1.1.1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					IS 01.0	IS 01.0.1	IS 01.0.1.1	IS 01.0.1.1.1	IS 01.0.1.1.1.1	IS 01.0	IS 01.0.1	IS 01.0.1.1	IS 01.0.1.1.1	IS 01.0.1.1.1.1
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OVIC Office of the Victorian
Information Commissioner

What are the VPDSS?

Victorian Protective Data Security Standards



The VPDSS establish **high-level mandatory requirements** to protect public sector information and systems across all security domains/areas (e.g. Governance, Personnel, Physical, Cyber and Information security).

The Standards focus on the outcomes required to enable efficient, effective and economic investment in security measures through a risk-managed approach.

VPDSS - Implementation Guidance

The VPDSS is accompanied by **Implementation Guidance**. This guidance contains the **Standards** and **supporting Elements**.

Each **Element** is accompanied by **primary source reference material** that contains further detailed guidance on how to implement these measures.



What is covered by the VPDSS?

Information and systems governed by Part 4 of the PDP Act –

The PDP Act defines 'public sector data' and a 'public sector data system' as:



Public sector data

Any information (including personal information) obtained, received or held by an agency or body to which Part 4 applies, whether or not the agency or body obtained, received or held that information in connection with the functions of that agency or body;



“The definition of public sector data includes information collected or held by contracted service providers of the VPS organisation who may be managing material on its behalf, including contractors and consultants.



Public sector data system(s)

Includes—

- (a) information technology for storage of public sector data, including hardware and software; and
 - (b) non-electronic means for storage of public sector data; and
 - (c) procedures for dealing with public sector data, including by use of information technology and non-electronic means;
- ...

In summary, this means **any information and systems** obtained, received or held by an agency or body to which Part 4 of the PDP Act applies.

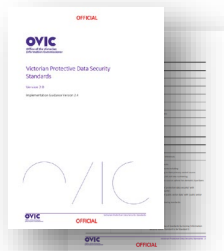
This includes both hard and soft copy information, regardless of media or format.

What is required?

Under Part 4 of the PDP Act organisations must -



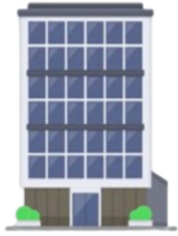
Further, the VPDSS outline that organisations should -



Broad requirements	PDP Act reference
o Adhere to the VPDSS	Section 88(1)
o Ensure a Contracted Service Provider (CSP) adheres to the VPDSS	Section 88(2)
o Conduct risk assessments (Security Risk Profile Assessment – SPRA)	Section 89(1)(a)
o Develop a treatment plan (Protective Data Security Plan - PDSP) to manage those risks	Section 89(1)(b)
o Assess CSPs' risks	Section 89(2)
o Ensure its PDSP addresses CSPs' compliance	Section 89(3)
o Review the treatment plan (PDSP) every 2 years, or upon significant change	Section 89(4)
o Submit a copy of the treatment plan (PDSP) to OVIC	Section 89(5)

Supplementary requirements	VPDSS Element
o Attest annually to OVIC	E9.040
o Notify OVIC of incidents that have an adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of public sector information with a business impact level (BIL) of 2 (limited) or higher	E9.010

Who is covered?



Public sector
agency



Special body



Body declared by the
Governor in Council



Contracted Service
Provider(s)

Relevant sections of the PDP Act -

Sections 84(1) and 84(3)

Each of these entities are identified as 'applicable' **agencies** and **bodies** set out under Part 4 of the PDP Act (otherwise referred to as *regulated organisations*).

Section 88(2)

A public sector body Head for an agency or a body to which this Part applies must ensure that a **contracted service provider** of the agency or body does not do an act or engage in a practice that contravenes a protective data security standard in respect of public sector data collected, held, used, managed, disclosed or transferred by the contracted service provider for the agency or body.

In this scenario, the public sector body Head of the regulated organisation maintains accountability for the maintenance of the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the public sector information.

LGAs undertaking a function of a regulated organisation

Part 4 PDP Act - Applicability

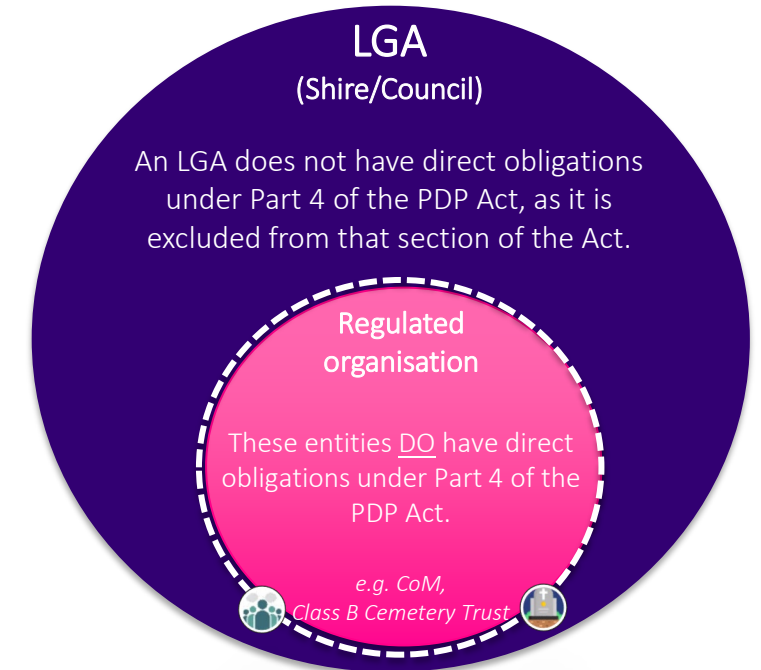


LGA (Shire/Council)

- Part 4 of the PDP Act references various agencies and bodies that are covered by the VPDSF and VPDSS. These are referred to as 'regulated organisations'.
- Part 4 of the PDP Act excludes LGAs; however, **this exclusion is limited** (i.e. only applies to the information and systems that relate to LGA functions).
- LGAs typically find themselves captured by Part 4 of the PDP Act where they undertake a function or activity of a regulated agency or body.
- In these instances, LGAs incur Part 4 PDP Act obligations of the entity, with respect to the information and systems they manage on its behalf.

Undertaking a function of a regulated organisation

- Regulated organisations that are captured under Part 4 of the PDP Act have obligations to securely manage their information and systems, as well as obligations to report to OVIC.
- Where an LGA undertakes a function or activity of a regulated organisation (e.g. Committee of Management (CoM) of Crown Land Reserves or Class B Cemetery Trust) the LGA incurs Part 4 PDP Act obligations of that entity, with respect to the information and systems they manage on its behalf.
- As such, LGAs must abide by the conditions of Part 4 (including SRPA process and PDSP submission) as it relates to the information and systems of the regulated organisation.



LGAs supporting a CoM and/or Class B Cemetery Trust

CoMs and/or Class B Cemetery Trusts applicability under Part 4 of the PDP Act

Committees of Management (CoM)



A CoM is a public entity within the definition of Section 5 of the *Public Administration Act 2004* (Vic).

By this definition, CoMs must also adhere to the requirements of public entities under Part 4 of the PDP Act.

CoMs can be assigned to an LGA where the public sector body Head of the Council takes responsibility for the CoM.

The appointed organisation who manages the CoM adopts the Part 4 PDP Act obligations of the CoM.

Class B Cemetery Trust (CT)



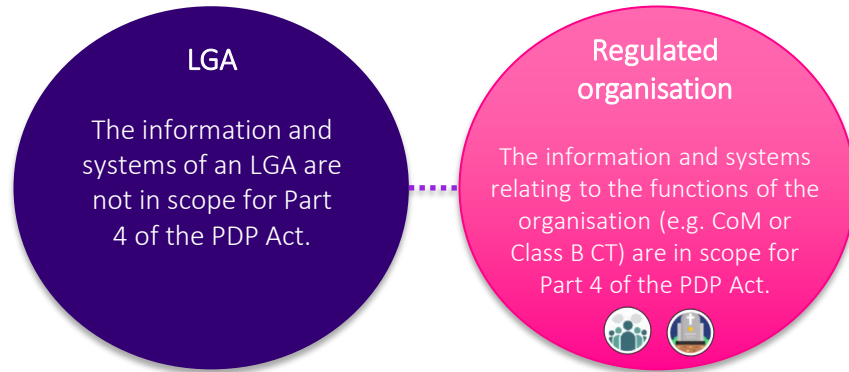
Class B Cemetery Trusts are considered public entities as they are established by the Governor in Council on the advice of the Minister as bodies corporate – per section 5 of the *Cemeteries and Crematoria Act 2003* (Vic).

Where Councillors are appointed as trustees of a Class B CT, they and their staff working on Class B CT matters will be responsible for accessing, using and managing Class B CT information, and will use council systems to complete tasks.

As such, appointed personnel who manage Class B CT matters effectively adopt Part 4 PDP Act obligations of the CT.

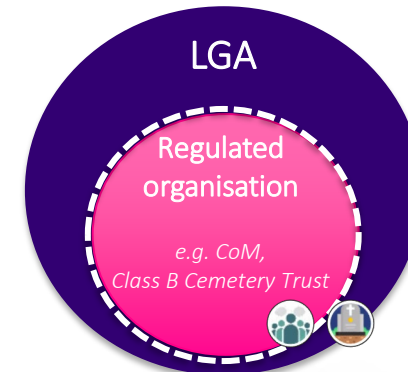
Approaching the VPDSF and VPDSS as an LGA

Option 1 – Able to segment



In an ideal setting, an LGA would be able to separate its information holdings of the regulated organisation (e.g. CoM and/or Class B CT) from its broader information holdings.

Option 2 – Unable to segment



Often an LGA cannot fully segment the information and systems of a regulated organisation(s) from its broader information holdings.

While Part 4 of the PDP Act directly applies to regulated organisations, more often than not, the information, systems, and associated controls used to support the functions / services of the regulated organisation are managed by LGA personnel, stored within LGA facilities and processed / maintained using LGA systems / infrastructure.

Related information security obligations

- Information Privacy Principles
- Information Sharing Arrangements
- Contractual Obligations
- Other legal and regulatory obligations

Overview of related information security obligations

There are a variety of scenarios where an organisation or individual (third party) may incur information security obligations.

These can fall from:

Information Privacy
Principles (IPPs)

Information
Sharing
Arrangements
(incl. MOUs)

Other legal,
regulatory and
administrative
requirements

Contractual
obligations

Under Part 4 of the PDP Act, where a third party -

- collects
- holds
- uses
- manages
- discloses or
- transfers

public sector information on behalf of a regulated organisation, the public sector body Head of the regulated organisation maintains accountability for the maintenance of the security of this material under the PDP Act.



Information Privacy Principles

Personal information – Part 3 of the PDP Act establishes legislative requirements to protect the privacy of individuals' information. It regulates the collection, handling and use of personal information in Victoria.

IPP4 – Data Security

- Under IPP 4.1 an organisation must take reasonable steps to protect the personal information it holds from misuse and loss, and from unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

IPP 4.1 and Part 4 of the PDP Act support a risk-based approach to implementing security measures that are proportionate to their respective risks.

OVIC encourages organisations to apply the VPDSS and its Five Step Action Plan, as this complements the identification and implementation of security measures required under IPP 4.1.

For more information, please review the **IPP 4 – DATA SECURITY** guidance on OVIC's website by visiting <https://go.vic.gov.au/3N3gOUX>.



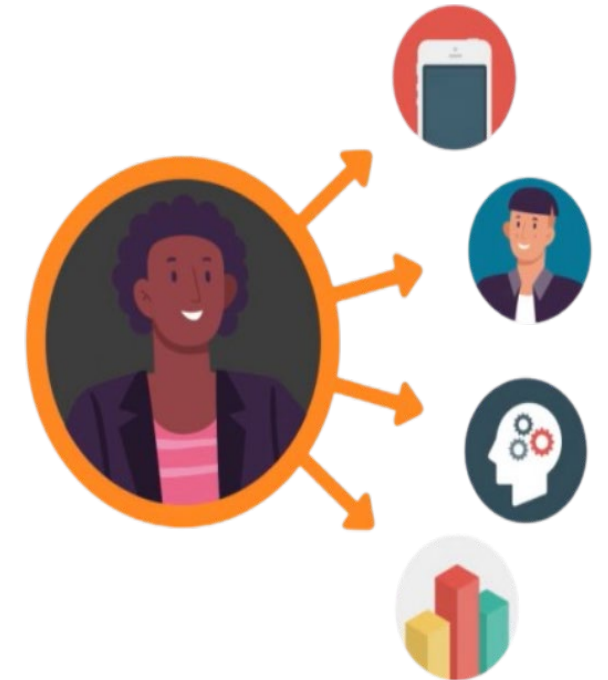
Information Sharing Arrangements

LGAs are party to a variety of information sharing arrangements, each with their own conditions.

These arrangements can take many forms, including Memoranda of Understanding (**MOUs**), bilateral agreements, etc. Irrespective of their form, they often include information security provisions for organisations to comply with.

Provisions outlined in these agreements can vary – e.g. sometimes they describe detailed security controls, whereas other times there may be broad references to compliance with the PDP Act or VPDSS.

To help track these provisions, LGAs may look to establish a register of these information sharing arrangements. By doing so, LGA personnel may be better placed to monitor and understand what is required under the arrangement with respect to the information that is being accessed, used or managed.



Other legal and regulatory obligations

Like all organisations, LGAs have a raft of legal and regulatory obligations to cater to.

At times, these obligations may call on an LGA to provide a level of assurance around their information security practices, with many referring to OVIC's VPDSS as a primary source for how to implement this.

By way of example, the *Health Records Act 2001* (Vic) sets out conditions by which organisations are expected to maintain the privacy of an individual's health information.

Under HPP4.1 organisations must take **reasonable steps to protect the health information** it holds from misuse and loss and from unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

For more information, please consider the advice offered on the Health Complaints Commissioner's website - <https://hcc.vic.gov.au>

Contractual obligations

Non-LGA organisations that are subject to Part 4 of the PDP Act, must ensure that contractual arrangements have the relevant information security requirements embedded into the terms or conditions of their agreements.

LGAs may find themselves subject to these contracts and must abide by the information security requirements outlined in these agreements. This may include providing assurance around the information security practices of the LGA.

The methods used, and extent to which a non-LGA regulated organisation may seek assurance will be influenced by the:

- security value of the information / system
- services or functions supported by the agreement and
- form of the arrangement.

The assurance received from the LGA is a useful input into the non-LGA regulated organisation's SRPA process and development of their PDSP.



2026 PDSP reporting options

- PDSP template options for 2026
- Multi-organisation reporting model for LGAs
- 2026 multi-organisation PDSP templates and submission process

PDSP template options for 2026

To address the unique governance arrangements and challenges of Class B CTs and CoMs, OVIC has published tailored PDSP templates and associated requirements for these entities. These PDSP templates are supported by customised resources, designed to assist Class B CTs and CoMs meet their reporting obligations in 2026.

LGA's can choose to use these tailored PDSP templates when reporting on behalf of these entities. Alternatively, LGA's can opt to use the standard 2026 PDSP template that contains updated fields referencing LGA's, Class B CTs and CoMs.

Option 1

Tailored PDSP templates for Class B CTs and CoMs

To access a copy of the Class B CT PDSP template, navigate to:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/information-security/agency-reporting-obligations/class-b-cemetery-trust-stakeholders/>

To access a copy of the CoM PDSP template, navigate to:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/information-security/agency-reporting-obligations/committees-of-management-of-crown-land-reserves/>

Option 2

Standard 2026 PDSP template

To access a copy of the standard 2026 PDSP template, navigate to:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/2026-OVIC-Single-Organisations-Protective-Data-Security-Plan-V3.7-Final-4.pdf>

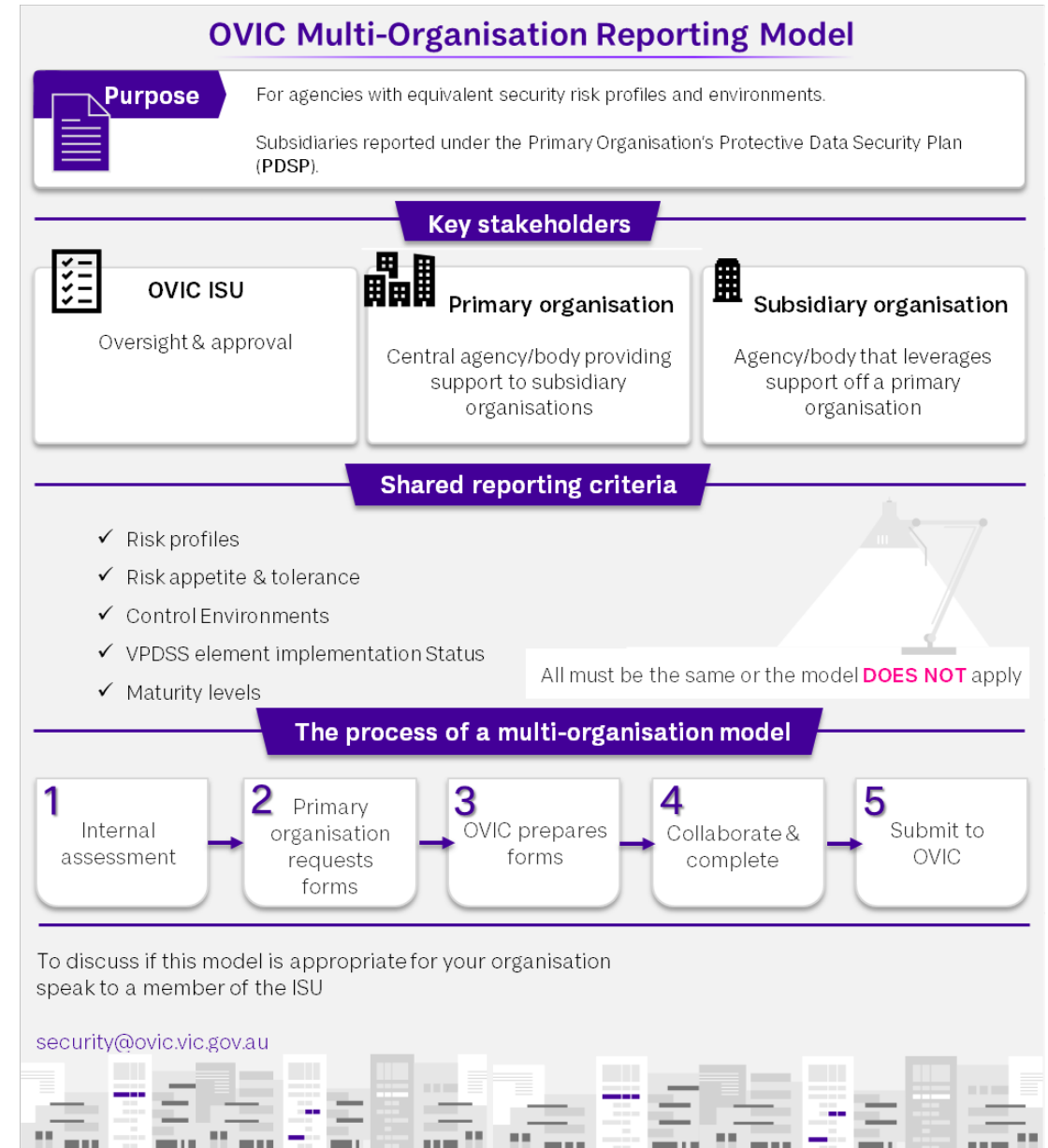
Multi-organisation reporting model for LGAs

Note: An LGA may be appointed to **multiple** CoMs and Class B CT

In these scenarios it may be appropriate for LGAs to use the multi-organisation reporting model, submitting a consolidated PDSP(s) where each of the regulated organisations have equivalent shared reporting criteria.

Where this **shared reporting criteria**:

- **cannot be met**, the multi-organisation reporting model is unsuitable
 ↳ *In this scenario a single organisation PDSP form must be submitted on behalf of each regulated organisation (Class B CT or CoM)*
- **can be met** by all parties, refer to the options presented on the following pages (pages 22 and 23)



2026 Multi-organisation PDSP templates and submission process

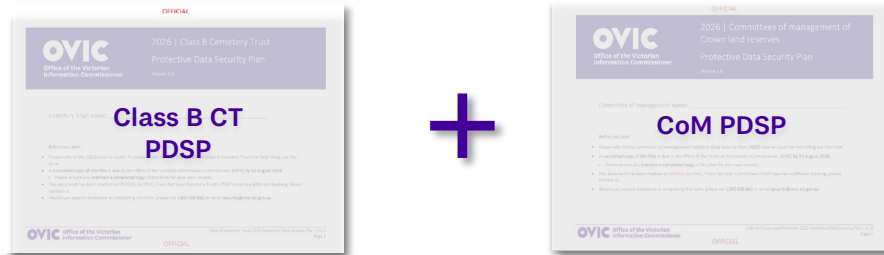
Option 1

Using a tailored PDSP template addressing multiple Class B CTs or multiple CoMs.

For example:

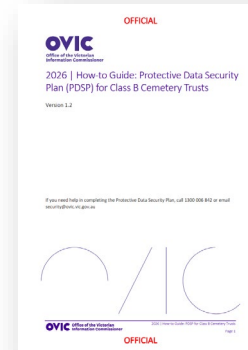
An LGA manages 3 Class B CTs and one CoM. The LGA submits:

- one Class B CT PDSP referencing the 3 Class B CTs, and
- one CoM PDSP referencing the one CoM.



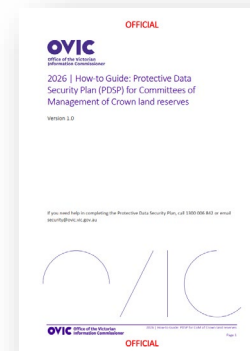
Due to the wording on the tailored PDSP templates, this option is not suitable for LGAs looking to combine PDSP reporting representing both Class B CTs and CoMs. If an LGA proceeds with this option, refer to the instructions outlined in the respective How-To Guides.

Supporting resources



Class B CT PDSP How-To Guide:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/2026-How-to-Guide-Protective-Data-Security-Plan-for-Class-B-Cemetery-Trusts-1.pdf>



CoM PDSP How-To Guide:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/2026-How-to-Guide-Protective-Data-Security-Plan-for-Committees-of-management-of-Crown-land-reserves.pdf>

What gets submitted

Completed and signed copies of:

- a *Class B cemetery trust PDSP* (referencing the 3 Class B CTs)



- a *Committee of Management PDSP* (referencing one CoM)



2026 Multi-organisation PDSP templates and submission process

Option 2

Using the standard multi-organisation PDSP templates addressing multiple Class B CTs and/or multiple CoMs.

For example:

An LGA manages 3 Class B CTs and one CoM.

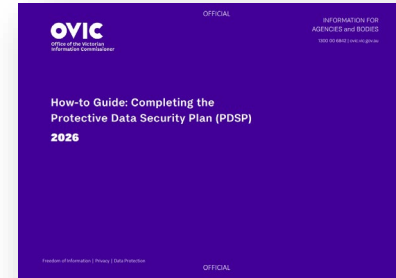
- One of these entities would submit using the *primary organisation PDSP*, listing the 3 other entities as subsidiary organisations, and
- the 3 subsidiary organisations would then each submit a *subsidiary organisation PDSP*.



Where an LGA is looking to combine PDSP reporting that represents both Class B CTs and CoMs responses, this option may be suitable. The wording in the Attestation on both the Primary and Subsidiary PDSP forms caters for this scenario.

If an LGA proceeds with this option, refer to the instructions outlined in the standard VPS How-To Guide.

Supporting resources



VPS 2026 PDSP How-To Guide:

<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2026/01/VPS-2026-How-To-Guide-Completing-the-Protective-Data-Security-Plan.pdf>

To discuss if this model is appropriate for your organisation speak to a member of the Information Security Unit by emailing security@ovic.vic.gov.au

What gets submitted

Completed and signed copies of:

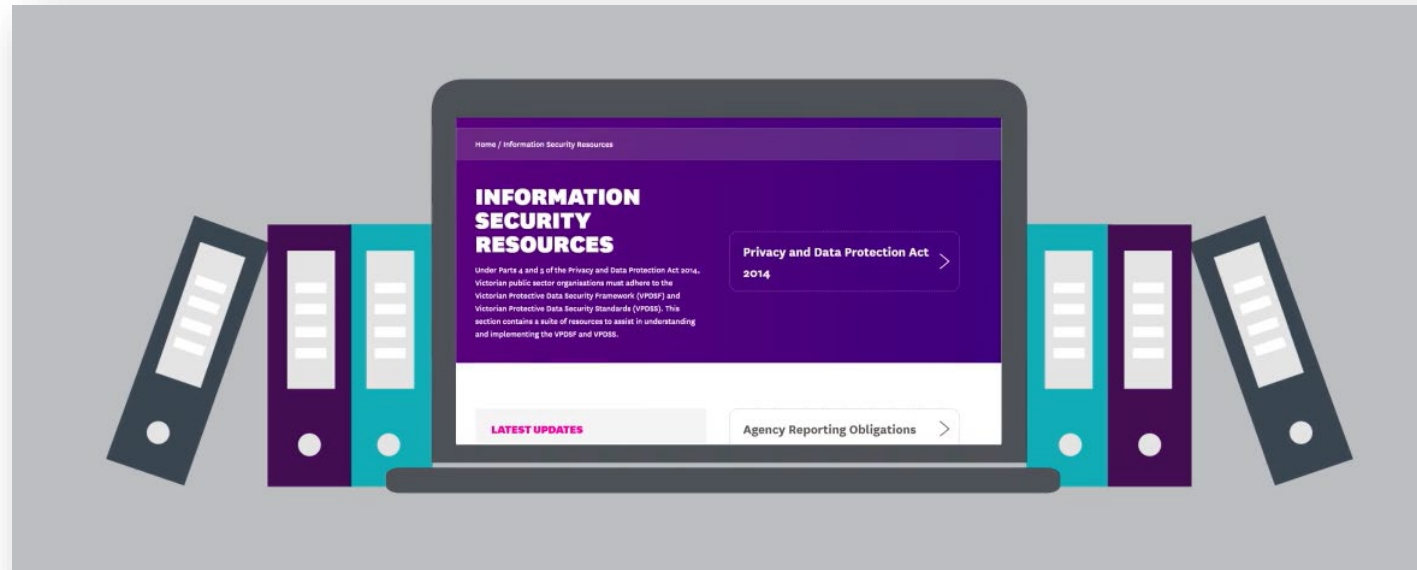
- the *primary organisation PDSP*



- all listed *subsidiary organisation PDSPs*



Resources to assist you



Go to www.ovic.vic.gov.au to find out more, or reach out to the Information Security Unit by emailing security@ovic.vic.gov.au



www.ovic.vic.gov.au