Information for agencies

Information Security Incident Notification Scheme

## OVIC Information Security Incident Notification Scheme

A close-up of a megaphone

Description automatically generated

## What is the scheme?

The information security incident notification scheme has been developed to centrally coordinate notification of information security incidents (incidents) within Victorian government. It is established under Element E9.010 within the [Victorian Protective Data Security Standards](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/data-protection/standards/) (VPDSS) that states:

*The organisation notifies OVIC of incidents that have an adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of public sector information with a business impact level (BIL) of 2 (limited) or higher.*

Where information assets have been assessed as BIL 2 or higher, organisations should notify OVIC *of any incidents* that compromise the confidentiality, integrity and/or availability (CIA) of that material.

If the information has not been assessed and/or assigned a BIL rating yet, but an incident occurs, we strongly encourage you to contact OVIC to discuss.

For more information on how to assess an information asset refer to [VPDSF Practitioner Guide: Assessing the Security Value of Information](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/information-security/practitioner-guide-assessing-the-security-value-of-public-sector-information-v2-0/).

Benefits of the scheme

The scheme benefits all who participate and provides tangible resources, trend analysis and risk reporting.

Notification of information security incidents (incidents) affecting public sector information should not add unnecessarily to the incident management and response process for organisations.

What is an information security incident?

An information security incident is defined as   
*‘one or multiple related and identified security events that can harm/damage an organisation, its assets, individuals or compromise its operations.  
Information security incidents may take many forms, such as compromises of electronic information held on government systems and services and include information in physical formats (e.g., printed, photographs, or recorded information either audio or video) and verbal discussions.’*

Information security incidents can take the form of privacy breaches.

### Privacy breach considerations

If an incident relates to a breach of personal information, consider the impact on individuals and the need to notify them in a timely manner. Although some impacts may not appear high to the business, they may be for individual(s).

OVIC can assist with responding to incidents related to personal information. Where assistance is required, contact [OVIC’s privacy team](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/about-us/contact-us/) and refer to [Managing the Privacy Impacts of a Data Breach](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/privacy/managing-the-privacy-impacts-of-a-data-breach/) on OVIC’s website.

Who can notify OVIC when an incident occurs?

OVIC will accept notifications from anyone. The representative may be an information security lead (ISL), privacy officer, Chief Information or Security Officers (CIO, CISO), legal officer or public sector body Head.

For representatives submitting a notification on behalf of their organisation, please follow your incident management authorisation process to avoid duplicate submissions for the same incident.

Who do I turn to for assistance when an incident occurs?

Every incident has unique characteristics and may require different approaches for resolution. The table below provides guidance where agencies or bodies can seek assistance.

| **Information security incident as a result of ….** | **Responsible** | **Accountable** | **Consulted** | **Informed** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A lost document | Organisation | Organisation | Organisation | OVIC |
| Corrupt conduct of an individual | Organisation | Organisation | IBAC | OVIC |
| Physical access intrusion | Organisation | Organisation | Organisation | OVIC |
| Cyber intrusion | Organisation | Organisation | Cyber Incident Response Service (**CIRS**) - if response assistance is required | OVIC |
| Breach of personal information | Organisation | Organisation | Organisation and OVIC - if privacy guidance is required | OVIC |

How can I seek assistance in managing an urgent and significant incident?

OVIC does not provide an incident response service. If you require immediate assistance for cyber incidents, please contact the Cyber Incident Response Service (CIRS) directly on 1300 278 842.

What sort of incidents should I notify OVIC of?

Under element E9.010, VPS organisations should notify OVIC of incidents that have an adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity or availability of public sector information with a business impact level (BIL) of 2 (limited) or higher.

This includes information with a protective marking of OFFICIAL: Sensitive, PROTECTED, Cabinet-In-Confidence or SECRET. Refer to your organisation’s BIL table or the [VPDSF BIL table](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/resource/vpdsf-bil-table-v2-1-november-2019/) to assess the potential business impact level.

Incidents may take many forms. They are not just limited to compromises of electronic information held on government systems and services but also include compromises of information held in physical formats (e.g., printed, photographs, recorded information either audio or video) or unauthorised verbal discussions. For example, the following scenarios would qualify as an incident:

* leaving a sensitive hard copy document on public transport
* someone tailgating personnel into a secure area where sensitive documentation is kept, and/or
* a sensitive conversation being overheard in a public cafe by a member of the public.

If the incident is of a criminal nature or involves fraud/corruption, please follow your organisation’s policy on reporting these types of incidents to the relevant bodies.

The table below provides further examples of the types of incidents that OVIC should be notified about.

| **Examples of incidents affecting public sector information** | **Control area** | **Security attribute** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Sending an email to incorrect email recipient | People/process | Confidentiality |
| Hard copy document/file left on public transport | People/ process | Confidentiality/ Availability |
| Tailgating into a secure area and accessing documents left on someone’s desk | Process | Confidentiality |
| Ransomware installed on a desktop restricting access to information | Technology | Availability |
| Incorrect protective marking placed on a document leading to mishandling of information | People | Confidentiality |
| A break-in to a facility and stealing information | Process | Confidentiality/ Availability |
| A conversation being held in a public area that can be easily overheard | People | Confidentiality |
| Viewing information on an unlocked screen by someone who does not have a ‘need-to-know’ | Process | Confidentiality |
| Looking at documents left on a printer | People | Confidentiality |
| Incorrectly disposing of hard copy documents in recycling bin | People/ process | Confidentiality |
| Documents found in an unused cabinet/vacated premises | Process | Confidentiality |
| Information found on a decommissioned laptop/computer at a second-hand store | Process | Confidentiality |
| Information found on a lost unencrypted USB key | Process | Confidentiality/ Availability |
| Personnel undertaking unauthorised activity on systems e.g., manipulating/changing data on a database | People | Integrity |
| Disclosing classified information at a social gathering | People | Confidentiality |
| Hacker exfiltrating sensitive information to an external system | Technology | Confidentiality |
| Outsider launching a denial-of-service attack on a website | Technology | Availability |

Remember, your organisation’s Business Impact Level (BIL) table should be used as a guide to inform your notification obligations in relation to an incident. If the information affected by the incident has a security value of 2 (e.g., OFFICIAL: Sensitive) or higher assigned to it (regardless of the severity of the actual incident), notification should be considered.

For more information on how to conduct a security value assessment and determine the BIL value of the information affected in an incident please refer to [*Practitioner Guide: Assessing the security value of public sector information*](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/data-protection/practitioner-guide-assessing-the-security-value-of-public-sector-information-v2-0/).

If public sector information does not have a BIL assigned, the business owner should be consulted to determine its security value including the potential impact of a compromise to the confidentiality, integrity and/or availability of the information.

## When should I notify OVIC?

Organisations should notify OVIC of an incident as soon as practical and no later than 30 days once an incident has been identified. If a response capability is required, organisations are encouraged to seek support from:

* their own internal security resources
* their parent entity (if one exists), and
* the [Victorian Government’s Cyber Incident Response Service](https://www.vic.gov.au/victorian-government-cyber-incident-response-service) (CIRS) in the event of a cyber incident.

## How do I notify OVIC of an information security incident?

There are several methods to notify OVIC of an incident including:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Method** | **Options** |
| **Form** | Fill in the [incident notification form](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/information-security-and-privacy-incident-notification-form/) available on our website. Please provide as much detail as possible.  **Option 1:** Online web form –   * Access via <https://incident-notifications.ovic.vic.gov.au/> * Once completed, please hit ‘*submit incident notification*’   **Option 2:** Download a [word version of the incident notification form](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/07/20230123-Security-and-Privacy-Incident-Notification-Template-V1.1.docx) -   * Once completed, assess the content of the completed form and apply a corresponding protective marking (OFFICIAL, OFFICIAL: Sensitive or PROTECTED) * Submission options depend on the protective marking of the content contained in the incident notification form. For content marked: * OFFICIAL or OFFICIAL: Sensitive, please email a copy of the form as an attachment to [incidents@ovic.vic.gov.au](mailto:incidents@ovic.vic.gov.au); or * PROTECTED or above, please contact a member of the Information Security Unit for advice on submission options. |
| **Phone** | Call 1300 00 OVIC (1300 006 842) to discuss the incident. |

## What information should I provide in my notification?

OVIC, organisations and Victorian government will use the information provided in incident notifications to inform critical business decisions. To support these decisions, information must be timely, accurate and complete.

Where information about the incident is incomplete or not yet available, OVIC can receive updates from the notifying organisation as they become available.

OVIC has identified some key fields for organisations to consider when submitting their information security incident notification. The information security incident fields include:

| Incident notification fields | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **GENERAL DETAILS** | |
| **Name of organisation** |  |
| **Contact details** | Provide the primary point of contact details for OVIC to correspond with if further information is required including name, phone number, email address. |
| **When did it happen?** | DD/MM/YYYY |
| **When did the organisation become aware of it?** | DD/MM/YYYY  The date the incident is discovered and recorded may differ from the date when it occurred. |
| **What happened?** | Summary of what happened and what are you doing about it?  Free text field with a short description of the incident. |
| **How did it happen?** | For example:   * Who / what caused it? * Was it malicious or accidental? * Who accessed information in unauthorised manner?   *Please be as specific as possible. E.g., if referring to third party, name party or describe nature of party.* |
| **Steps taken or proposed to contain incident** |  |
| **Steps taken or proposed to prevent future incidents** |  |
| **PRIVACY (PERSONAL INFORMATION) INCIDENTS** | |
| **What personal information is involved?** | Provide details e.g., name, contact details, Information Privacy Principle (**IPP**) 10[[1]](#footnote-1) categories of sensitive information. |
| **What is the risk of harm to the affected individuals?** | * What type of harm? * How serious is the risk of harm? * How likely is the risk of harm? |
| **Have affected individuals been notified about the incident?** | If not, why?  If so, how? What were the reactions? |
| **INCIDENT NOTIFICATION SCHEME** | |
| What type of information was affected? | What information asset has been affected? For example, financial, personal, legal, health, policy, operational, critical infrastructure. |
| What is the assessed business impact level (BIL) of the affected information? | What is the highest business impact level of the affected information? Select the one that applies:   * BIL 1 – Minor * BIL 2 – Limited * BIL 3 – Major, or * BIL 4 – Serious. |
| What security attributes were affected? | Select all that apply:   * Confidentiality (unauthorised disclosure) * Integrity (unauthorised modification), and/or * Availability (lost, stolen, unavailable). |
| What was the format of the affected information? | Select one that applies:   * Hard copy; Electronic; and/or Verbal. |
| Was the incident primarily caused by people, process and/or technology control(s)? | Select any that apply:   * People * Process * Technology, and/or * No control(s) in place. |
| Who caused the incident? | Select the one that applies:   * Internal personnel * Authorised third party * Other external, or * Other/ unknown. |
| What was the threat type? | Select one that applies:   * Accidental / Error * Failure * Malicious, or * Natural. |
| For cyber incidents, is incident response assistance required by the Cyber Incident Response Service (CIRS)? | Y/N  If you require incident response assistance and would like OVIC to send these incident details to CIRS on your behalf, please select **Y**.  Please note: OVIC do not provide a 24/7 service so if you require immediate assistance, please contact CIRS directly on 1300 278 842. |
| For incidents relating to personal information, is privacy assistance required by OVIC? | Y/N  If you require privacy assistance, please select Y and someone from the OVIC privacy team will contact you. |
| Has this incident been recorded in your organisation’s incident register? | Y/N  If **Y** please provide incident reference. |
| Has the incident been closed? | Y/N |

### Collection of personal information

*The incident notification form collects personal information in the way of contact details. This includes your name, position title, organisation, contact number and email address for the purpose of follow up, research projects or activities set out in OVIC’s*[*Regulatory Action Policy*](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/regulatory-approach/regulatory-action-policy/)*.*

*Where you provide personal information, OVIC may use it to provide you with return confirmation of receipt of your form, seek clarification on the contents of your form or report on any trends.*

*We ask that you do not include personal information anywhere other than the designated fields on this form.*

*When submitting your form via email, we may be able to identify you from your email address.*

*OVIC will not disclose your personal information without your consent, except where required or authorised to do so by law. You may contact OVIC to request access to any personal information you have provided to us by emailing*[*enquiries@ovic.vic.gov.au*](mailto:enquiries@ovic.vic.gov.au)*.*

*For further information on how OVIC handles personal information, please review our*[*privacy policy*](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/resource/privacy-policy/)*.*

## What happens after OVIC is notified of an incident?

OVIC will acknowledge receipt of the notification and provide a reference number in case of any follow up communication regarding the notification.

In most cases, there will be nothing further required.

However, OVIC may contact you in the following circumstances:

* if your notification did not provide enough detail about the incident, we may request more information from you.
* if your notification points to a potentially serious or systemic breach of the *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014*(Vic) (PDP Act), we may contact you to make enquiries in accordance with OVIC’s [Regulatory Action Policy](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/regulatory-approach/regulatory-action-policy/).
* if your notification indicates a risk of harm to the people whose personal information was involved, we may contact you to provide guidance about [managing the privacy impacts of the data breach](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/book/managing-the-privacy-impacts-of-a-data-breach/).

If requested, OVIC will pass on the relevant information to supporting workgroups or partnering agencies – e.g. OVIC’s Privacy team or CIRS.

## How does OVIC use incident notifications?

Incident notifications assist OVIC to develop a comprehensive security risk profile of the Victorian government. This can be used for trend analysis and understanding of the threat environment as it relates to the protection of public sector information.

OVIC may share de-identified data with partnering organisations and may also share outcomes of its incident analysis with the CIRS.

OVIC publishes regular [incident insights reports](https://ovic.vic.gov.au/data-protection/security-insights/) about trends and themes observed through the notifications. These reports are designed to assist organisations own risk reporting forums, inform their own risk assessments and preparation of business cases for strategic security initiatives.

Refer to the current VPDSF BIL table on the OVIC website <https://ovic.vic.gov.au/data-protection/information-security-resources/> for further information.

1. Refer to IPP 10 explanation on our website <https://ovic.vic.gov.au/book/ipp-10-sensitive-information/> [↑](#footnote-ref-1)